

WE QUOTE A TRIBUTE TO THE OLD TRUSTY PIPE

"Do you smoke a pipe? If not, you miss the true poetry of tobacco. A well seasoned pipe is one of the softest, sweetest joys of the smokers' life. You cannot describe its delight. It sweetens meditation, it clears the brain, soothes the temper and puts a man on good terms with himself and his fellow-men."

When Love grows cold,
Thy fires still warms me,
When friends are pleasant
Thy presence charms me;
If thou art full
Though purse be bare
I smoke, and
Cast away all care.

"In Pipe-Smoking you get ALL the solace there is in tobacco."

We have an excellent line of Pipes including all grades from the lowly Cobs and Clays to the aristocratic Briars and Meerchams.

DRUGS
JEWELRY

SEFLER'S

THE
REXALL
STORE

Terry and Netherlands News

There has been a good many school children sick in this vicinity, they being: Jessie and Edith Clark, Bonnie and John Vannoy, Clyde Hill, Harry Johnson, Irene Hagemann, Ernest Darnell, Aubrey and Annis Evans, Miggle Treece and Maurice Johnson, but all are improving at present.

Miss Cora Warden, teacher of the Netherlands school, is reported down with the smallpox, so we would judge school is in vacation.

A few people in this vicinity have started breaking ground now for farming.

Every appearance indicates spring soon. The birds are singing and the frogs have been hallowing.

Mrs. Tibbs is ill at present, but not seriously so.

Mrs. Nicholson, who has been ill, is some better now, able to go around a bit.

F. M. Johnson has been quite ill with the "flu" but is able to go about now.

Alzie Vannoy has been very ill and has not been expected to recover, but is now some better.

The roads are beginning to get dry enough to travel over now since the snow has melted.

John Hosick has sufficiently recovered from the attack of influenza to go back to work on the railroad.

On the 10th of February we saw a light in the West that looked like a house burning, and this morning we learned that it was the residence occupied by a Mr. Tilman, on Ingram Ridge. We understand that all his household goods but one chair were destroyed. In the attempt to recover some papers from the burning building he was considerably burned, necessitating the call of Dr. Brannon from Hayti, who came out that night and administered treatment to his wounds.

We truly sympathize with those dear parents whose sons will not come back from France. We are thinking especially of Mrs. Napier and Henry Burch. And think it sad, too, about the Ruby boy, who had gone through his battles unhurt, then die of the meningitis.

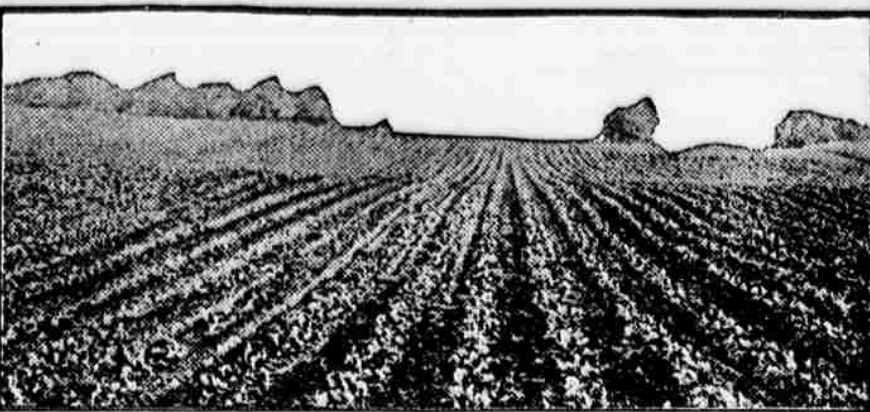
—FARMER BOY.

(Ed. Note—Your items this week are unusually good, and you are doing nicely. Just keep them coming to us and our readers.)

G. E. Bales and Constable Henry Hudgens of Pascola were here the latter part of last week attending to business matters, and called at this office, Mr. Hudgens having some quality stationery printed. In our conversation with Mr. Bales, we learned that he is the same young man that was one of the first from this county reported to have lost his life on the field of battle in France. He told us of his being wounded the first time at the battle of Cantigny, on May 28, this place being the first German territory reached, and by American troops, he being wounded in the foot from flying shrapnel, but being not serious he was soon enabled to return to his company and again take up the noble work of freeing France from the murderous Huns. He also tells of being wounded again at the battle of Soissons on the 21st day of last July, in a direct attack on the German troops, this time being wounded in the head, which put him so far out of commission that he has been returned home and discharged.

Apropos manufacturers "standing back of their product." Some of them stand so far back that you cannot see any of their advertisements.

SOY BEANS PROFITABLE FEEDING CROP AND ALSO INCREASE SOIL FERTILITY



Soy Beans Are Well Adapted to Cultivation in Rows.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The soy bean can be utilized to advantage as pasture for all kinds of stock, the most profitable method, perhaps, being to pasture with hogs, supplementing the corn ration. This is especially desirable when the harvesting is interfered with by bad weather, lack of labor, or other causes, and when the crop is grown for soil improvement. In this way the crop is profitable not only from the standpoint of feeding value, but also in the increase of soil fertility due to the manure and refuse vines. Hogs greatly relish the bean plant, especially the ripening pods and seed, and a considerable part of the growth of young hogs may be made with soy-bean pasture. Animals ready for fattening may be fitted for market much more rapidly if soy beans are used to supplement the corn ration.

Test in Alabama.

In pasturage experiments conducted at the Alabama agricultural experiment station soy beans, peanuts, chufas, and sorghum were compared as pasturage for hogs. It was found that when corn alone was fed, 100 pounds of pork cost \$7.63; when fed a two-thirds ration of corn and pastured on chufas in addition, 100 pounds of pork cost \$8.89; on sorghum, \$7.79; on peanuts, \$8.20; and on soy beans, \$2.74. The average gain of the pigs each day on the soy-bean pasture was 1.02 pounds, on the peanut pasture 1.01 pounds, on the chufa pasture 0.72 pound, and on the sorghum pasture 0.37 pound. The same station reports three years' work in feeding 105 hogs to determine the value of soy-bean pasture as compared with other feeds, the most profitable quantity of corn as a supplement, and the effect of the soy-bean forage on the quality of the pork. It was found that when corn was used alone the average daily gain for each hog was 0.375 pound, at a cost of 7.61 cents. When soy-bean pasture was grazed with a one-fourth, one-half, and three-fourths ration of corn the average daily gains were raised to 1.102, 1.006, and 1.329 pounds, respectively, and the cost of pork reduced to 2.59, 3.36, and 3.17 cents, respectively. One acre of soy-bean pasture afforded grazing for 10 hogs for 32 days with a one-fourth ration of corn, 48 days with a one-half ration, and 62 days with a three-fourths ration of corn. The

total value of pork produced on each acre of soy-bean pasture varied from \$25.84 to \$39.13.

Kentucky Experiment.

The Kentucky agricultural experiment station, in a series of experiments with soy-bean pasture for hogs, found that it was not profitable to hog down soy beans (grain) unless a supplementary feed is given. The results showed, however, that it was highly profitable to hog down soy beans if a supplementary feed, such as corn, is given. The lot of hogs receiving 2 per cent of its weight in cornmeal daily produced 825 pounds of pork to the acre, at a cost of \$4.54 per hundred pounds of gain. An acre of soy beans hogged off with a supplementary feed of corn produced feed for 10 hogs for 21 days and for 20 hogs for an additional 21 days. An acre of soy beans with no corn fed the hogs produced feed for 10 hogs for 21 days and for 15 hogs for an additional 14 days.

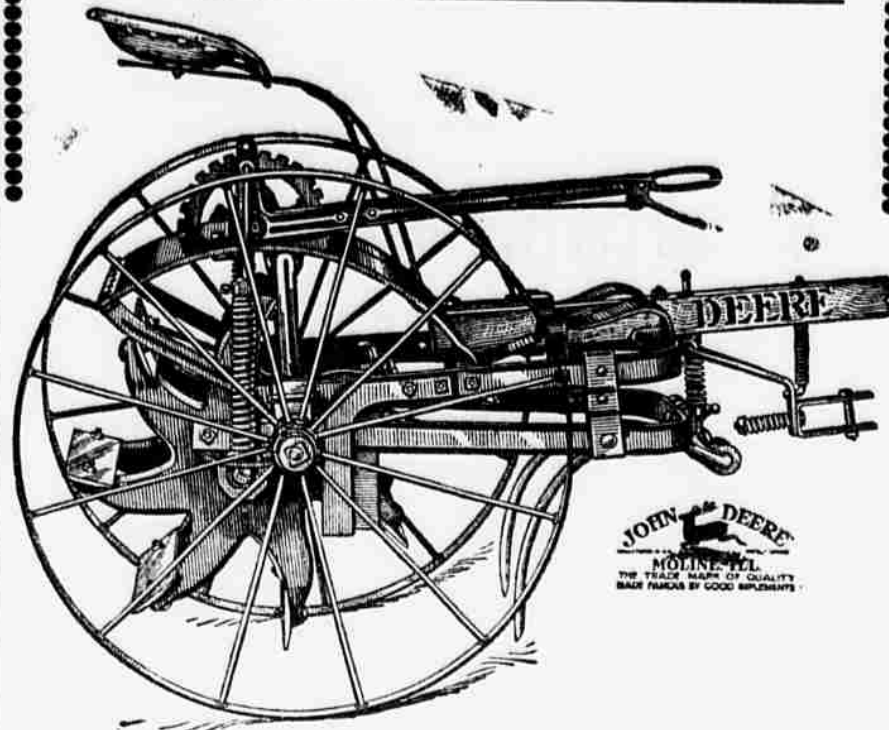
Various methods of seeding are used when the soy bean is to be utilized for pasture purposes. In the Southern states, especially North Carolina, where a considerable acreage is used for hog pasture, from one and a half to two bushels of seed are sown broadcast at the last working of the corn. The hogs are turned in when the seed is fully mature. Corn and soy beans are sometimes grown together and pastured down, as is often done with corn, or the two crops may be planted in alternate rows. For young hogs the beans are often planted alone. Soy-bean pasture may be supplied for a period of several weeks by planting early, medium, and late varieties. Early maturing varieties may be sown after small grains and make sufficient growth to supply considerable feed in the fall. Soy beans may be pastured at any time from the stage when the pods are one-half filled until the beans are mature.

When hogs have been pastured on soy beans alone there is a tendency for the lard to become soft. This may be overcome very materially by feeding the hogs on a grain ration after taking them from the pasture. The feeding of corn alone for four or five weeks has produced firm lard, while corn and cottonseed meal used in the proportion of three parts of corn to one part of cottonseed meal has given the best results.

David Smitherman returned last week from a four months stay in France, with the U. S. Army. Dave was connected with the Anti-aircraft Corps of the land forces, but did not have the opportunity of getting into action. He is quite proud to be back in his native land, and in his remarks to a Herald representative had the greatest praise for the Red Cross, but absolutely nothing good of the Y. M. C. A. organization. After several days stay with brother, sisters and friends in this city and neighborhood, he will go to Council Bluffs, Iowa, where he will be given his old employment as dispatcher for a railroad out of that city.

Among those from this city who went either in cars or on the train last night, we noticed Misses Pickens, Parmenter, Berry and Mrs. Mona Helm, going to attend the showing of the famous picture, Les Mesurables, at the Liberty Theatre, at Caruthersville. Only another instance where advertising in The Herald brought direct results.

John Deere Farm Implements



We have just received a car load of JOHN DEERE FARM IMPLEMENTS—the best known implement manufactured for successful farming. It is now time to get your new implements to make the biggest crop yield ever in history and for no doubt the best price for farm products. We ask that you give us a chance to save you some money on your farm supplies.

These implements are too favorably known for us to make you much of a "speel," but we do want you to come to us and look over the new models and let us explain the new labor saving features, and show you that JOHN DEERE IMPLEMENTS are long lived implements.

Don't buy before you investigate our line and get our prices.

F. M. PERKINS

Hayti, Missouri

In a conversation with J. Key Mason, local salesman for the National Refining Co., of this city, he told us something of the gasoline shortage, and gave us a good example right here in our own county. He said that eight months ago this county had 249 automobiles, and that today there were over 400; that this county and Dunklin county eight months ago had 11 tractors, while today there were 60. This only gives us an idea why there is a gasoline and oil shortage, on account of the demand.

Ernest Wells of Kennett was the guest of Miss Ada Kirkpatrick at the home of Mrs. C. S. Baldwin Sunday night.

Hayward News Items

(Too late for last week.)

The Hayward Royal Neighbors gave a box supper last Friday night. There were several boxes sold and one cake, bringing them the sum of \$94.83. This will be used for the benefit of the lodge hall.

W. H. Burgess went to Caruthersville last Friday.

The Hayward school has received from the First National Bank of Caruthersville a large calendar, containing a large picture representing the "Birth of the American Flag." They have also received the "Cotton Blossom," the Caruthersville High School Annual. We certainly appreciate these gifts and the donors have our thanks and best wishes.

W. H. Carter and daughter and Henry Smith of Conran, made a business trip to Caruthersville Thursday, returning Saturday.

The Hayward school has ordered fifty-two books for the library.

John Stewart made a business trip to Caruthersville. (When? Editor.) Gladys Stegall, Nellie Fisher, Bulah and Grace Hughes were the guests of Nora Watson Saturday and Sunday.

Irene Fisher and Daisy Burgess were the guests of Gladys Newton Saturday night and Sunday.

Private Elsie Brasher of Camp Funston, Kansas, is at home, having received his discharge.

BROWN EYES.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bolen were called to the Mound neighborhood Sunday, on account of the illness of Mrs. Bolen's mother, Mrs. Rebecca Murphy, who was taken ill while on a visit to her son, Elmer and family.

Let us hear some more about "Arbor Day" for the purpose of beautifying the high school grounds. Ten years ago, when the grounds were a public square, the Herald took up this same question and met with a hearty response, with the result that the grounds were graded, sodded, set in trees, and a nice iron fence was placed around it, costing in all some five or six hundred dollars. What the grounds need now is trees, of the proper kind, properly set, and then taken care of. Most of the trees set at the time we mention have died from neglect and from the heat of fire in burning the grass.

MULES!

We have just received a shipment of the best mules ever shipped to this market. These mules came from Southern Illinois and have been through the stock pins and are ready to go right to work. They are from 3 to 6 years old, 15 to 17 hands high and have just lots of quality and if you are figuring on buying a team this spring we can certainly save you from \$50 to \$100 on the span.

Now all we ask is a trial. If we cannot do this we will gladly refund your money, for "satisfaction" is our motto, and you must be satisfied if you deal with us.

WARD COPPAGE CO.

Sales Barn on 4th Street

Rear of Bank of Caruthersville